



Atopic Dermatitis Prior Authorization Guidelines

In general, the following criteria need to be met to obtain prior authorization approval. In the event of a prior authorization denial, recommended formulary alternatives will be provided to the prescriber based upon the patient's insurance coverage. If a prior authorization and recommended formulary alternatives are denied, our team can provide appeal support services.

Standard	Keq	uirements	

	ISGA (Investigator's Static Global Assessment) and/or EASI (Eczema Assessment Severity Index) Score	
	Assessment: Moderate/ Mod to Severe/ Severe	
	Impacted Areas: Face/ Chin/ Neck/ Legs/ Hands/ Wrists/ Other	
	Is the Patient Currently Using Topical Steroids?	
	Prior Failed Medium to Higher Potency Topical Steroids (if any)	
	Patient must have Tried/Failed a Topical Calcineurin Inhibitor (e.g., Tacrolimus)	
	Does Patient have a Latex Allergy?	
☐ How is the Patient's Quality of Life Impacted?		
	Quality of Sleep?	
	 Any Impact on the Patient's Mental State? 	
/ing	Requirements Based on the Insurance	
	Should be prescribed in consultation with an Allergist or Dermatologist	

Vary

- ☐ Trial/Failure of Protopic® or Elidel® ☐ Trial/Failure of Phototherapy (UVB or PUVA) For Eucrisa®: patient must be 3 months of age and older For Dupixent®
 - Patient must be 6 years or older
 - o Involvement of at least 10% body surface area (BSA)
 - o Involvement of <10% BSA if involving sensitive areas (e.g., face, eyes, skin folds, genitalia)
 - Trial/Failure of Eucrisa® (if diagnosis is moderate in severity)
 - Trial/Failure of systemic immunosuppressive therapy (e.g., cyclosporine, methotrexate)
 - Not receiving Dupixent® concurrently with live vaccines and another biologic medication



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