Hurricane Matthew - Haiti
Glide Number TC-2016-000106-LCA

Situation Report No 4 – (period covered: October 4-7, 2016)
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Situation Overview

Background:
Hurricane Matthew attained hurricane status on September 29, 2016 and became a Category 5 hurricane on September 30 in the Caribbean Sea. On October 1, it weakened to a Category 4. Source It made landfall near Les Anglais, Haiti about 700 AM EDT (1100 UTC) on October 4, 2016. Source Southern Haiti has effectively been cut off after the bridge linking it to the capital, Port-au-Prince, collapsed. The deputy mayor of the southern coastal town of Les Cayes described the scene there as "catastrophic". Source The National Meteorological Centre (CNM) of Haiti warns that the risk of severe flooding accompanied by mudslides and case coastal flooding remain evident across the country with a higher intensity for coastal regions. Source

This Situation Report is based on information from social media and contains general information such as maps and links and information on sectors including relief efforts, transportation, and communications. It also includes a section on Areas Impacted, which is divided by Departments and Communes.

Highlights:
October 7:
- The Embassy of Haiti in Washington DC has released Best Practices for Disaster Relief Efforts In Haiti. They are urging individuals and organisations to work within the frame of local government and/ or international humanitarian systems and refrain from collecting/ sending goods prior to proper assessment. Source
- Oct 7: The death toll has reached nearly 300, and more than 28,000 houses have been damaged. Assessments are in the early phases, so these numbers are expected to rise. About 350,000 people will need disaster assistance. Source
- According to a representative of the Mayor of Les Cayes (Emmanuel Pierre), out of 18 towns which make up the Sud Department, 15 to 16 have been badly damaged: Port Salut, Tiburon, Les Anglais, Port a Piment, Coteaux, Les Cayes, Camp-Perrin, Maniche, Torbeck, Cavaillon, Ile a Vache, Aquin, Chardonnieres, Roche a Bateau, St Jean du Sud, Chantal. Source
- Oct 7: Violent winds and rains, severe floods and mudslides following the hurricane caused enormous damages in the Sud and Grand’Anse departments. According to Emilie Bernard, ACTED Country director in Haiti, "communications have been completely cut off with the southern peninsula. We have great difficulties in contacting our teams on the spot. Satellite phones allow us to get situation updates, but only very briefly. This is why we still lack information. But very clearly, the southern peninsula is cut off, both in communications and access routes, which were blocked by the storm.” [Source]
- According to ACTED, the most urgent needs are clean water, food, and sanitation services in the impacted areas in the south. [Source]

October 6:
- Up to 80% of harvest has been lost in some areas according to WFP. Aerial and field assessments began today in Haiti, where it is estimated that over 350,000 people need humanitarian assistance. [Source]
- “The bridge by Ti Goave is definitely still out. We saw no cars passing through the river bed. The road between Les Cayes and Port-Salut is out. The road between Les Cayes and Jeremie is impassible.” [Source]
- Haiti Air Ambulance and Innovating Health International medical teams visited six hospitals in the South. There were no medical emergencies in Les Cayes, Jeremie, and Port-Salut. The hospitals are functioning and the patients are mostly run of the mill illnesses independent of the hurricane. The bad news is that there was massive destruction of homes, especially between Port-Salut and Dame Marie. We were unable to land and make medical assessments in Port-a-Piment, Chardonnieres, and Les Anglais. [Source]
- “For an entire 80 mile coastline to have palm trees leveled, shows the true force of hurricane Matthew. 1 out of 3 homes in this area are destroyed or submerged. As of now there is no way of getting aide to many of these towns without helicopters. Children are without food and water for days now sleeping outside.” (photos) [Source]

General Information

Useful Sites:
- Civil Protection of Haiti tweets in Haitian Creole and French. [Source]
- News website with updates. (FR) [Source] and (EN) [Source]
- Humanity Road Haiti Twitter List

Situation Reports
- ACTED Situation Report, Oct 7, 2016. [Source]
- OCHA Situation Report No. 4, October 6, 2016. Source
- OCHA Situation Report No. 3, October 5, 2016. Source
- OCHA Situation Report No. 2, October 4, 2016. Source
- OCHA Situation Report No. 1, October 3, 2016. Source

Maps and Databases

- MapAction - MapAction is a humanitarian mapping charity (source)
- International Federation of the Red Cross (IFRC) Hurricane Matthew Dashboard. Source
- Open Street Map in both Creole and English. Source and Source2
- Copernicus Emergency Management Service reference maps. Source
- Google Crisis Map. Source
- Hospital Information Map. Includes Medical Facilities & Demographic Information. Source
- ESRI Hurricane and Cyclone Public Information Map (Includes geotagged social media). Source
- Department of Defense has published a Hurricane Matthew APAN site Source
- ECHO Map from European Commission's Directorate-General for European Civil Protection and Humanitarian Aid Operations Source
- OCHA map - Haiti Road Network Source
- OCHA map - Haiti Ports Source
- Netperspective - Haiti Health Facilities database. Source
- Matthew Road Access Map as of Oct 8 via from WFP Logistics Source

Shelters

- Emergency Evacuation Shelters in Grand Sud (opens download window). Source
- Emergency Evacuation Shelters in Other Departments (opens download window). Source
- Temporary Shelter Management. Source

Water

- Oct 4: Civil Protection warns to use only treated water, being the risk of water bringing cholera germs. (Creole: Lè gen inondasyon, gen risk pou dlo pote tout kalte mikwòb, sitou mikwòb kolera. Fòk nou rete veyatif epi toujou sèvi ak dlo trete). Source

Communications

VoIP (Amateur Radio) Hurricane Net Updated Activation Source

Oct 7:
- According to the ACTED Country director in Haiti, communications are cut off from the southern peninsula. They have had difficulty contacting their teams. Satellite phones are being used for updates but only very briefly. Source

Oct 6:
Phone lines have not been re-established in Grand’Anse. Source
CDEMA will deploy a 6 member CARICOM Operational Support Team (COST) to Haiti on Friday, October 7, 2016. This team will support Emergency Operation Centre (EOC) coordination in Jérémie and Les Cayes. Source

Transportation

Oct 8:
- Matthew Road Access Map as of Oct 8 via from WFP Logistics Source
- A key bridge on the “nationale 2” road linking the southern peninsula to the rest of the country has been replaced with a temporary bridge. Road access to Grand’Anse and Sud department has been restored. Source

Oct 7:
- Logistics Cluster is working on providing air and sea transport from Port-au-Prince to departments Nippes, Grand Anse and Sud. Follow link for details and file an Service Request Form (SRF). Source
- The road accesses to the Grand’Anse department and most of the road accesses to the Sud department are blocked by landslides and/or floods. Source

Oct 4:
- Road to Province of Jacmel is broken. Source

Relief Efforts

Oct 7:
- Deutsche Post DHL Group's volunteer teams are providing logistics support to manage incoming aid at Toussaint L'ouverture International Airport at Port-au-Prince. Source
- Mission of Hope: Sending a 50-ton barge w/ over a million meals, water, and medical supplies today to some of the hardest hit areas. Source

Oct 6:
- IFRC approved an international appeal for Haiti for CHF 6.8 million that will benefit 50,000 people for 12 months in health, WASH, shelter and disaster risk reduction. IFRC is sending a flight from Panama with 40 metric tons of non-food items (NFIs). This airplane will depart on 7 October. It is also providing one helicopter for fly-over assessments. Source
- The UN Humanitarian Response Depot (UNHRD) in Panama is consolidating partners' cargo. So far, cargo from UNICEF (42 tons) and AECID (10 tons) has been confirmed. Other partners are confirming their cargo. They expect to send the plane with 80 MT. Source
- WFP is mobilizing 30 tons of high-energy biscuits to Haiti. After the assessment, more actions will be taken, including the provision of helicopters for 15 days (with a possible extension), and air and sea transportation services. Source
- The Caribbean Disaster Emergency Management Agency (CDEMA) is deploying teams comprising CARICOM member state experts following Haiti’s request to strengthen Emergency Operations Centres in Les Cayes and Jérémie. Source
● WFP has 25MT of food in Jeremie for immediate distributions to feed up to 9,000 people for a week. [Source]
● The Doctors of the World emergency team is expected to arrive in Port-au-Prince by Monday, accompanied by 3 tons of medical and emergency supplies – enough to provide care to 20,000 people for up to 3 months – and additional cholera supplies. [Source]
● 100 US Marines and soldiers arrived in Haiti Wednesday night with two Marine CH-53E Super Stallions, four Army UH-60 Black Hawks and three Army CH-47 Chinooks. [Source]
● A truck loaded at the UNICEF courtyard is expected to reach the South of Haiti. [Source]
● Americares staff in Port-au-Prince will coordinate future shipments of aid, which will include intravenous fluids to treat cholera and medical supplies to treat storm-related injuries. In the coming days Americares plans to deliver approximately $1.6 million in aid. [Source]
● A group of Halifax medical professionals are headed to Haiti with a non-profit group called Team Broken Earth. The majority of their time will be spent helping with the aftermath of Hurricane Matthew. [Source]
● The Canadian Disaster Assessment Team (CDAT) is meeting with local and international representatives to assess the needs on the ground and to identify potential follow-up response options for the Government of Canada. The government has set aside $3 [CAD] million to provide immediate assistance whenever the United Nations or Canadian Red Cross make a specific request. [Source1 Source2]

Medical Teams

We have collected medical highlights on relief and needs by location and include them in the following special medical report. A Cholera heat map prepared by Andrew Schroeder Director of Research and Analysis at Direct Relief using statistics reported to Reliefweb as of Oct 3.

- Humanity Road Special Medical Report Oct 8 Download

Impacted Areas

Artibonite Department
Gonaïves:
Oct 8:
  ● Healthcare delivery facilitated by RAD-AID and Philips Healthcare. [Source]
  ● No major damage apart from floods in parts of Les Gonaives. [Source]
Oct 5:
  ● There is a threat of mudslides and crop damage. [Source]
Anse-Rouge:
  ● Oct 6: The plain at Grand Port Anse Rouge is completed flooded [Source]
  ● Oct 4: No information since landfall (Pop 32,104)

Grand’Anse Department
  ● Oct 7: Two main hospitals (Jérémie and Dame Marie) are not currently in operation. [Source]
  ● Oct 5: Grand’Anse was seriously impacted and is in need of food, water, and supplies. [Source]
● Oct 5: Grand’Anse need volunteers, storage space, food products, and relief supplies. *(Nous avons besoin de volontaires et d'espaces de stockage, de produits alimentaires, de produits de première nécessité…)* Source

Bariadelle:
● Oct 4: The cemetery in Bariadelle has been devastated. Bodies have been found in the village. Some of the people died of cholera. Source

Duchity:
● Oct 7: All buildings are destroyed except those with cement roofs. No good or water available. People up in the mountains desperately need help. Source

Jérémie:
● Oct 7: General information and photos of Jérémie damage. Source
● Oct 7: Eighty percent of the buildings of Jérémie were flattened by Hurricane Matthew. Source
● Oct 7: The ACTED team in Jérémie affirms that the clean water supply has been completely destroyed and energy has been cut off in the city. Source
● Oct 6: Photos from Jeremie. Source
● Oct 6: Aerial photo of damage in Jeremie taken by Haiti Red Cross medic. Source
● Oct 6: “There was significant damage to half the buildings there. The hospital was open and had 5 doctors, plenty of nurses, a functioning OB ward. The ped’s ward was flooded but they had no children requiring hospitalization. They seemed to be nearing desperation for food and water already.” Source
● Oct 5: Photos: Aerial photos from Jeremie. The city is virtually destroyed. Source
● Oct 5: Photo: Nothing left of a cement school close to the Jeremie. Source
● Oct 5: The 30,000 residents of Jeremie were said to be without water and also facing widespread destruction and no communications. Source
● Oct 5: Satellite phone report from Jeremie: "not many lives lost, but everything not cement completely destroyed." Source

Dame Marie:
● Oct 7: The hospital in Dame Marie is out of operation. Source

Nippes Department
● Oct 4: List of shelters in Nippes. Source

Anse a Veau:
● Oct 4: In Anse a Veau the sea has entered the bottom of the city. Several destroyed houses. *(Anse à Veau: la mer est entrée au bas de la ville. Plusieurs maisons détruites.)* Source
● Oct 4: Plantations destroyed. Source

L’Asile:
● Oct 5: The roofs were blown off of Saint Joseph School and L'EFA in L’Asile. *(Ne resterait que quelques maisons de tôle debout à Jeremie et aux Cayes, selon premiers témoignages en provenance de la zone.)* Source
● Oct 5: L’Asile houses swept away by water, damage to plantations and cattle swept away. *(L’Asile maisons emportées par les eaux, dégâts au niveau des plantations et bétails emportés…)* Source

Miragoâne:
● Oct 7: HOPE Clinic, the only clinic in the area sustained severe damage. (photos) Source
- Oct 4: Damage to Miragoâne (photo). [Source]

Petit-Trou:
- Oct 4: Reported damage in Petit-Trou and Baraderes. [Source]

Petite Rivière de Nippes:
- Oct 5: Damage photo. [Source]
- Oct 4: Per someone’s message, Petite Rivière de Nippes is totally submerged. Grandparent's house by the sea destroyed. [Source]
- Oct 4: Photo - Petite-Rivièr-de-Nippes. [Source]

Plaisance du Sud:
- Oct 4: A lot of houses destroyed in Plaisance du Sud. [Source]
- Oct 4: Photo - Damage in Plaisance du Sud. [Source]

Nord Department

La Victoire:
- Oct 4: L’École de Fontaine in La Victoire was destroyed by wind. [Source]

Nord-Ouest Department

Baie de Henne:
- Oct 7: The center of town is a disaster. [Source]
- Oct 7: The school Penaseco, Citerne Remy, Baie-de-Henne is destroyed. [Source]
- Oct 7: The biggest farm is a total loss. [Source]

Bombardopolis:
- Oct 7: Damage photo. [Source]
- Oct 7: Bombardopolis has been devastates. [Source]
- Oct 5: Action Contre La Faim estimates that at least 20 000 people are impacted just in Bombardopolis. (Nous estimons qu’au moins 20 000 personnes sont impactées rien que sur Bombardopolis). [Source]

Môle-Saint-Nicolas:
- Oct 5: The Northwest Haiti Mission Christian Mission is damaged. Haiti 323 Project personnel have been unable to reach fishing villages and villages in the mountains today to assess. The Haiti 323 campus and the orphanage is damaged. Some homes in town damaged while others were completely destroyed. 4 people may have died in the fishing village of Kapafu. There are a lot of displaced people. The charcoal is wet so no one can cook. [Source]
- Oct 5: “Mole Saint Nicolas my hometown, been devastated by this horrible hurricane.” [Source]

Port de Paix:
- Oct 5: “Haiti Red Cross / Port de Paix supported by American Red Cross reached high risk areas today & warned people to go safe. 100+ are in 3 shelters now.” [Source]

Ouest Department

Arcahaie:
- Oct 7: Arcahaie is the country's biggest banana growing region. 80% of the crops have been destroyed. [Source]

Croix des Missions
- Oct 4: The bridge from the Croix des Mission (RN8) is closed to both pedestrian and automobile traffic. (*Le pont de la Croix des Missions fermé à la circulation piétonne et automobile*). [Source](#)

**Ganthier:**
- Oct 5: Major floods in Ganthier. [Source](#)

**Leogane:**
- Oct 7: The plantain plantations have been destroyed. Homes and crops were also destroyed. [Source](#)
- Oct 5: “Just heard from our translator in Leogane. He is reporting widespread damage, crops destroyed and bridge out.” [Source](#)
- Oct 5: Earthquake shelters finally destroyed. Housing solutions needed in rural Leogane. (photo) [Source](#)

**Port-au-Prince:**
- Oct 5: The zone of Vodrey in Cite Soleil has suffered severe damage. The Grey River breached its banks early this morning, causing massive floods in the area. [Source](#)
- Oct 5: Malteser International Americas announced emergency relief measures for children and families, specifically to the community of Cite Soleil. [Source](#)

**Petit Goave**
- Oct 5: 100 Families have taken shelter in a local school. ASB intends to supply food to them tomorrow. Planning further assistance in general. [Source](#)

**Sous Savanne**
- Oct 7: Hope Force International reports damaged and destroyed homes in Sous Savanne near Croix Hilaire, "Most crops in the area, including mango fruit, are a total loss, and it appears that livestock took a heavy hit, as well," [Source (pics)](#)

**Sud Department**

**Arniquet:**
- Oct 7: More than 10 cases of cholera have been reported in Arniquet. [Source](#)
- Oct 7: Photo of damage. [Source](#)

**Aquin:**
- Oct 7: A fishing village Bord de Mer, and areas like Vieux-Bourg d'Aquin were affected. The roof of the church is destroyed. Schools from several communes, Bidouze and Brodequin, lost roofs. Many trees were uprooted, residences flooded, crops destroyed, and livestock lost. (*Un village de pêcheurs du Bord de Mer, ainsi que des quartiers importants comme Vieux-Bourg d'Aquin ont été affectés. Le toit de la salle paroissiale est détruit. Des écoles de plusieurs sections communales comme Bidouze, Brodequin, ont perdu leurs toitures. Beaucoup d'arbres sont arrachés, des résidences envahies par les eaux, du bétail emporté, des plantations englouties et des récoltes anéanties*). [Source](#)
- Oct 6: Photo - Destroyed bridge between Aquin and Cotes de Fer. [Source](#)
- Oct 6: 3 deaths reported, via Department of Health. [Source](#)
Camp Perrin:
- Oct 7: In Camp Perrin, near Les Cayes, in the Sud Department, “the situation is worse than what can be imagined,” according to Thomas, a volunteer for Haiti Futur and our (ACTED) coordinator in the Sud department. “Trees have been uprooted, steel roofs have been snapped, and the Camp Perrin church saw its roof being snapped and its walls collapsing,” he added. “Homes, schools, everything is run-down. The road became a river.” “For the moment, we drink coconut water and boil the bananas that fell”, Thomas says. Source

Cavaillon:
- Oct 7: Rural areas of Cavaillon are heavily destroyed including Anotte, Bercy, Berette, Cassignol, Custine, mapangue, Bedo, Mission, Pradine, Gros Marain. Action Humanitaire clinic requesting assistance to help rebuild the community clinic (Source: Private message from Dr. Jude Leandre, Action Humanitaire)
- Oct 7: Oxfam teams are beginning to distribute hygiene items, water purification tablets and construction materials. Oxfam is also preparing to repair and install water tanks. Source
- Oct 6: 12 deaths reported via Department of Health. Source
- Oct 5: “Cavaillon mayor tells @RTVCaraibes they have at least 4 dead and at least "a thousand houses destroyed" Source

Chantal:
- Oct 7: "We have nothing left to survive on, all the #crops have gone, all #fruit trees are down..." M.#Soniel Noel, D-mayor, #Chantal, #Haiti" Source
- Oct 6: 90 deaths in Chantal via Department of Health. Source

Chardonnières:
- Oct 6: 19 deaths reported via Department of Health. Source
- Oct 6: Photos of damage. Source
- Oct 4: In Chardonnières people aren’t able to reach their families or know what’s happening. Source

Côteaux:
- Oct 4: Houses on the coast are damaged or destroyed. Source

DanDann and Duverger:
- Oct 5: The MWTS Mission has an unfinished clinic that people are using as a refugee camp. The remaining trees are gone, and many houses have been destroyed. They will need help. Source

Fond des Blancs:
- Oct 6: Operation Blessing sent medicine and 50 gallons of chlorine to St. Boniface Hospital in Fond-des-Blancs. Source

Gerard:
- Oct 4: Relief centers are flooded. City of Gerard is completely destroyed. Source

Ile a Vache:
- Oct 7: International Medical Corps team is headed to Ile a Vache to conduct assessments. “Hearing health needs are severe.” Source
● Oct 7: Damage photos. [Source]

● Oct 6: The US Military is scheduled to make a drop shipment of water in Madame Bernard, the main town of Ile-a-Vache, in the days to come, either today or tomorrow. [Source]

### Les Anglais:

● Oct 7: Harvest Field Ministries is sending a barge to Les Anglais food, water, and medical supplies. It is expected to arrive Saturday. [Source]

● Oct 7: Communications are out. [Source]

● Oct 6: 85 deaths reported, via Department of Health. [Source]

● Oct 4: 50 houses have been destroyed in Aux Anglais. [Source & Source2]

### Les Cayes:

● Oct 7: Oxfam teams are beginning to distribute hygiene items, water purification tablets and construction materials. Oxfam is also preparing to repair and install water tanks. [Source]

● Oct 6: An Americares shipment of medicine and supplies arrived in Haiti destined for the Hope for Haiti clinic in Les Cayes. [Source]

● Oct 6: 4 deaths reported, via Department of Health. [Source]

● Oct 6: International Medical Corps' Emergency Response Team arrived by helicopter in Les Cayes. Priorities are clean water, sanitation facilities, and hygiene supplies. Additional emergency response experts, including a water, sanitation, and hygiene specialist, are en route to join the Team. [Source]

● Oct 6: “We visited both l'Hôpital Immaculée de conception des Cayes and Ofatma hospital. They're both operational with doctors, nurses, and supplies. They each only had a dozen patients of normal acuity. Both seem to have the normal shortage of meds and supplies, but nothing out of the ordinary for public hospitals in Haiti. Dr. Domerant, the Director, has not heard of pressing need in the South but he feared that they couldn't get there because the roads were washed out.” [Source]

● Oct 5: “Most of tin-roofs are down from the history Catholic Cathédrale, sacre heart, to countless of houses from the city of Aquin to Les Anglais.” [Source]

● Oct 5: There is no electricity in Les Cayes and damage to even substantial buildings, including the Church, schools and the roof of the hospital. [Source]

● Oct 5: Photo: “That's what is left from St Anne church in my parents hometown in Camp Perrin, Cayes. We Still haven't been able to reach home to find out more about our people and home.” [Source]

### Maniche:

● Oct 7: Oxfam teams are beginning to distribute hygiene items, water purification tablets and construction materials. Oxfam is also preparing to repair and install water tanks. [Source]

● Oct 6: 5 deaths reported, via Department of Health. [Source]

### Plaj Gélée:

● Oct 5: Photo of damage. [Source]

● Oct 5: Photo of damage. [Source]

### Port a Piment:

http://humanityroad.org support@humanityroad.org
Oct 7: There is a concern about cholera in Port a Piment. Source

Oct 7: The hospital needs help and supplies. Plantations have been destroyed and many houses damaged. (Déjà dépourvu de tout, l'hôpital de référence de Port-à-Piment ne dispose actuellement même pas d'une paire de gants. Les malades aux abois comptent leurs dernières heures. Face à cela, Jean Raymond Pierre-Louis, le maire de la ville, lance un appel à l'aide. Affaissée : c'est le mot utilisé par le maire principal de la commune de Port-à-Piment, pour décrire la ville dont il est le premier citoyen. Les plantations décimées, les toitures des maisons emportées, les tronçons de route défoncés, …) Source

Oct 6: Damage photo (unconfirmed). Source

Oct 5: 99% of houses have sustained heavy blows. The Catholic Church had its roof blown away. The neighborhood of Anbalarivyè has been taken over by the ocean. No homes are standing in that area. Source

Port Salut:

Oct 6: “Despite the massive destruction of nearly 90% of the buildings, there were very few injuries. We asked around town and it seems that there were 20-30 deaths, but it was hard to gauge. The hospital had lots of lacerations and soft tissue injuries but only two orthopedic patients, no sick children, no women with complicated labor, etc. The staff was aptly handling what they had and we'll transport one of the ortho patients tomorrow. They need sutures, lidocaine, gauze, and antibiotics. We left them some of all that. They will need tetanus immunoglobulin. They are hungry but have water.” Source

Oct 6: 1 death reported, via Department of Health. Source

Roche a Bateau:

Oct 7: Damage photos; at least 50 dead (unconfirmed). Source

Oct 7: Damage photo (unconfirmed). Source

Oct 6: 28 deaths reported via Department of Health. Source

Oct 4: One home fell and a pregnant woman was injured in Roche-à-Bateaux. (Une maison est tombée et une femme enceinte blessé). Source

St Jean du Sud:

Oct 7: The town was badly damaged and is inaccessible; 3 deaths. (St Jean du Sud Ville très endommagée Sections communales inaccessibles 3 morts) Source

Oct 6: 6 deaths reported, via Department of Health. Source

St Louis du Sud:

Oct 7: In Sucrerie Henry, everything not concrete was destroyed. (Enfin des nouvelles de la Sucrerie Henry ( St-Louis-du-Sud ) Ils vont bien mais tout ce qui n’est pas en béton est détruit) Source

Oct 7: Oxfam teams are beginning to distribute hygiene items, water purification tablets and construction materials. Oxfam is also preparing to repair and install water tanks. Source

Oct 6: Water Mission’s safewater system is functioning in Fidel, St Louis du Sud. Source

Torbeck:

Oct 6: 6 deaths reported, via Department of Health. Source

Oct 6: No communication with Torbeck. Source Source2
October 5: Torbeck: This area was badly damaged by Hurricane Matthew. All trees are down, all livestock are gone, most houses badly damaged, and an antenna was knocked down. [Source]

**Sud-Est Department**

*Anse-a-Pitres:*
- Oct 4: Photo of coastal erosion. [Source]
- Oct 4: Video of flooded border crossing at Pedernales and Anse-a-Pitres. [Source]

*Belle Anse:*
- Oct 6: The health center in Belle Anse is out of service and cannot provide medical care. [Source]
- Oct 6: Almost all crops destroyed in Belle Anse. There is a lack of access to food and clean water. (photo) [Source]
- Oct 5: Photos of flooding. [Source]

*Cotes de Fer:*
- Oct 5: Photo - Pont de Cotes de Fer (bridge destroyed). [Source]

*Jacmel:*
- Oct 7: Jacmel has no water, electricity, or internet. [Source]
- Oct 7: Damage photo. [Source]
- Oct 4: Road to Province of Jacmel is broken. [Source]